

**GCE**

**Mathematics**

Unit **4730**: Mechanics 3

Advanced GCE

**Mark Scheme for June 2017**

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Answer		Marks	Guidance		
1	(i)	Impulse/momentum triangle with sides 0.8, 1.2 and 1	B1	OR $1.2 \cos \alpha = \cos \theta - 0.8$	Square and add
		$\cos \theta = \frac{0.8^2 + 1^2 - 1.2^2}{2 \times 0.8 \times 1}$	M1	$1.2 \sin \alpha = \sin \theta$	
		82.8° or 1.44 rads	A1	isw	82.81924° or 1.445 rads
		$1.2 \sin \alpha = \sin \theta$	M1	cv $\theta$ ; OR from cos rule	may see 55.771° or 0.97339 rads
		Angle 124°	A1 [5]	No isw	2.168 rads
2	(i)	$\frac{1}{2}m \times 0.7^2 = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{24mg0.3^2}{2 \times 1.2} - mg \times 1.5$	M1	By energy; needs KE, PE and EE terms	Allow wrong signs, missing '2'
		Speed = 3.5 (ms <sup>-1</sup> )	A1	OR $\frac{1}{2}m \times 4.9^2 = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{24mg0.3^2}{2 \times 1.2} - mg \times 0.3$	
			A1 [3]	<b>AG</b> Adequate working, no errors	
	(ii)	One correct EE term involving $x$ seen	B1	Where $x$ is distance below O	Energy equation with at least 1 KE, 1 PE and 1 EE term and values subst.
		$\frac{1}{2}m \times 0.7^2 = \frac{24mg(x - 1.2)^2}{2 \times 1.2} + \frac{32mg(x - 1.5)^2}{2 \times 0.8} - mgx$	M1		
		[ $48x^2 - 136x + 95 = 0$ ]	A1	$\frac{24mg(x+0.3)^2}{2 \times 1.2} + \frac{32mgx^2}{2 \times 0.8} - mg(x + 1.5)$	Alt left side:
		1.25 (m) and 1.58 (m)	M1	Leads to $48x^2 + 8x - 1 = 0$	$\frac{1}{2}m3.5^2 + \frac{24mg0.3^2}{2 \times 1.2} - 1.5mg$
			A1 [5]	Correct attempt to solve their 3 term quad.	Dep M1 above
				$1\frac{1}{4} \quad 1\frac{7}{12}$	

3	(i)	48 (ms <sup>-1</sup> )	B1 [1]	Accept $\leq 48$	
	(ii)	Use $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{12 - \frac{1}{4}v} = 0.2a$ $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{12 - \frac{1}{4}v} = 0.2 \frac{dv}{dt}$ $2.5t = \int \frac{dv}{\sqrt{12 - \frac{1}{4}v}} (+c)$ $2.5t = -8\left(12 - \frac{1}{4}v\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} (+c)$ $[c = 24]$ $v = 48 - 4\left(3 - \frac{t}{3.2}\right)^2$	M1* A1 *M1* A1 *M1 A1 [6]	Accept $v \frac{dv}{dx}$ for $a$ Sep variables and integrate one side For attempt to find $c$ , dep previous M1 oe $12 + 7.5t - \frac{25}{64}t^2$ (0.390625)	Allow missing 0.2 or sign error $2.5t = \int \frac{2dv}{\sqrt{48-v}} (+c)$ $2.5t = -4(48 - v)^{\frac{1}{2}} (+c)$ $v = 48 - 0.390625(9.6 - t)^2$
	(iii)	$x = \int \left(12 + \frac{24}{3.2}t - \frac{4}{3.2^2}t^2\right)dt$ $x = 12t + 3.75t^2 - 0.1302t^3 (+c)$ (t = 0 and) t = 3.2 Distance = 72.533 (m)	M1 A1 M1 A1 [4]	OR $x = \int (48 - 4\left(3 - \frac{t}{3.2}\right)^2)dt$ $x = 48t + \frac{12.8}{3}\left(3 - \frac{t}{3.2}\right)^3 (+c')$ ft their (ii)	OR $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{12 - \frac{1}{4}v} = 0.2v \frac{dv}{dx}$ via subst $\left(12 - \frac{1}{4}v\right) = u^2$ $x = 12.8\left(12u - \frac{u^3}{3}\right) + C$

4	<p>(i) Momentum equation</p> $2ma = -2m \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} + 7m \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ <p><math>(a =) \frac{1}{4} (\text{ms}^{-1})</math>            Comp of speed of A perp = 0.2            Speed of A was <math>\sqrt{(0.25^2 + 0.2^2)}</math>            OR <math>\tan \theta = \frac{0.2}{0.25}</math>            Speed <math>0.320</math> or <math>\frac{\sqrt{41}}{20}</math>; Ang <math>38.7^\circ</math> or <math>0.675</math> rads            NLM  <math>0.1 + 0.1 = -e(0 - a)</math>  <math>(e =) 0.8</math></p>	<p>M1 A1 B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 [7]</p>	<p>Along line of centres Allow errors with signs and masses</p> <p>soi soi Allow their vel comps oe</p> <p>For both angle and speed</p> <p>Along line of centres Allow errors with signs</p>	<p>Allow use of <math>63.4^\circ</math> for full marks Must use comp of vel</p> <p><math>0.320156</math>; <math>38.6598^\circ</math> or <math>0.67474</math> rads</p> <p>May see <math>\frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}</math> for 0.1</p>
	<p>(ii) A and B have same speed perpendicular to line of centres after first collision</p>	<p>B1 [1]</p>	<p>accept 'vertical'</p>	
	<p>(iii) Momentum equation along line of centres</p> $3mU - 2m \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} = 3mc + 2ma'$ <p>NLM  <math>a' - c = -1(-\frac{1}{10} \sqrt{5} \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} - U)</math>            Use <math>a' = 0.1</math>            Max <math>U = \frac{1}{15}</math></p>	<p>M1 A1 M1 A1 B1 A1 [6]</p>	<p>Allow errors with signs and masses Allow <math>\cos \alpha</math> for <math>\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}</math></p> <p>Allow errors with signs</p> <p>Accept any inequality Accept <math>0.0667</math> accept <math>\leq</math></p>	<p>Must use comp of vel</p> <p>Or conservation of energy  <math>\frac{1}{2} 3mU^2 + \frac{1}{2} 2m0.1^2 = \frac{1}{2} 3mc^2 + \frac{1}{2} 2ma'^2</math>            do not accept <math>&lt;</math></p>
5	<p>(i) <math>3mga \cos \frac{\pi}{6}</math> and <math>2mga \cos \frac{\pi}{6}</math></p> $3mga \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \theta\right) + 2mga \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6} - \theta\right) + \frac{1}{2} 3mv^2 + \frac{1}{2} 2mv^2$ $v^2 = \frac{2}{5} ag \left(5 \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - 3 \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \theta\right) - 2 \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6} - \theta\right)\right)$	<p>B1 M1 A1 A1 [4]</p>	<p>Initial PE</p> <p>Final PE + KE</p> <p><b>AG</b> Equating and correct manipulation</p>	<p>If <math>O</math> is zero level for PE</p> <p>For M1 at least 1 KE and 1 PE term; allow <math>m</math> used for <math>2m/3m</math>; wrong signs; missing <math>g</math></p>

	(ii)	$v^2 = \frac{2}{5}ag \left( 5 \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - 3 \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - 2 \cos 0 \right)$ $3mg \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - R = 3m \frac{v^2}{a}$ $R = 3mg \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - 3m \frac{2g}{5} \left( 5 \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{7}{2} \right)$ $R = mg \left( 5.7 - 6 \cos \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \text{ oe}$	B1 M1 A1 A1 [4]	$v^2 = \frac{1}{5}ag(5\sqrt{3} - 7)$ $F = ma, \text{ condone sign error; allow m used for } 2m/3m$ Accept $0.5038475mg$ or $mg(5.7 - 3\sqrt{3})$ oe	OR $3mg \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{6} + \theta \right) - R = 3m \frac{v^2}{a}$ $R = 3mg \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{6} + \theta \right) - 3m \frac{2}{5}g \left( 5 \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - 3 \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{6} + \theta \right) - 2 \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{6} - \theta \right) \right)$ $R = mg(6.6 \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{6} + \theta \right) + 2.4 \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{6} - \theta \right) - 6 \cos \frac{\pi}{6})$ Answer must be simplified $4.94m$ loses last mark
6	(i)	$Pl\sqrt{5} = W \times 3l \cos \theta$ $P = 1.2W$ $Ql\sqrt{2} = U \times \frac{\lambda}{2}l \cos \phi$ $Q = 0.25\lambda U$	M1 A1 M1 A1 [4]	Mom about A for AB <b>AG</b> Mom about A for AC	Allow $\sin \theta$ , cancelled $l$ Not from use of angle $26.565^\circ$ Allow $\sin \phi$ , cancelled $l$
	(ii)	(H) $P \sin \theta = Q \sin \phi$ (V) $W + U = P \cos \theta + Q \cos \phi$ $W + U = P \cos \theta + P \sin \theta \times \frac{\cos \phi}{\sin \theta}$ $W + U = \frac{3}{\sqrt{5}} \times 1.2W$ $k = 0.610$ $\lambda = 4.98$ $[P\sqrt{5}l - W3l \cos \theta = Q\sqrt{2}l - U \frac{\lambda}{2} \cos \phi]$	M1 M1 A1 M1* *M1 A1 A1 [7]	$P \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} = Q \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}; \text{ compts essential}$ $W + U = P \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + Q \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}; \text{ compts essential}$ Eliminate $Q$ (or $P$ ) dep M1M1  Elim P and Q to get equation in $k$ , $W + U = 1.609689W$ $\frac{18\sqrt{5} - 25}{25}$ Mom about A (or any other point) for whole system – allow M1(A1) if resolving not seen twice]	Allow $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$ for M1 Allow $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ for M1, sign errors $W + U = Q \cos \theta \times \frac{\sin \phi}{\sin \theta} + Q \cos \phi$ $\left[ W + U = 0.25\lambda U \times \frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}} \right]$ $0.6099689$ $4.97695$ Allow use of angles in (ii): $26.6^\circ$ & $45^\circ$ OR after M1M1A0/1, M1* for 2 eqns in terms of $k$ and $\lambda$ , *M1 for solving for $k$ or $\lambda$ .

7	(i)	$\frac{1}{2}m \times \frac{g}{90} = mgh$ [Max height = $\frac{1}{180} = 0.005556$ ] Max angle = $6.76^\circ$ or 0.118 rads $-mg \sin \theta = m \times 0.8 \times \ddot{\theta}$ $\ddot{\theta} = -\frac{9.8}{0.8}\theta,$ SHM (about $\theta = 0$ ) since $\theta$ is small $\omega^2 = 12.25$ Period = 1.80 secs ( $\frac{4}{7}\pi$ )	M1  A1 M1 A1 A1 M1 A1 [7]	By energy; allow cancelled $m$  Allow M1A1 for $6.76^\circ$ or 0.118 rads in (ii) N2L; allow $a$ for $0.8 \ddot{\theta}$ ; allow cancelled $m$  Cand value	$\frac{1}{2}m \times \frac{g}{90} = mg \times 0.8(1 - \cos \theta)$  $6.756 / 0.11798$ allow sign error, sin / cos  $1.7952$
	(ii)	$0.087266 = A \sin 3.5t$ $t = 0.238$ secs $t' = 2 \left( \frac{1.7952}{4} - 0.2378 \right) = 0.422$ (s) $\dot{\theta} = 0.118 \times 3.5 \cos 3.5 \times 0.238$  Linear speed = $0.222$ (ms <sup>-1</sup> )	M1 A1 A1  M1  A1 [5]	OR $5 = A \sin 3.5t$ ; $A =$ amplitude Or 0.65972 Or $0.65972 - 0.2378$  OR $\dot{\theta} = \sqrt{(3.5^2(0.118^2 - 0.0873^2))}$  $0.8 \times 0.278$	May use cos * $0.2378$  allow sin if consistent with *; allow $5^\circ$ and $6.76^\circ$ Or $\frac{1}{2}m \frac{g}{90} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + mg0.8(1 - \cos 5^\circ)$
	(iii)	Max height is still 0.00556 so Max angle = $\cos^{-1} \frac{(0.05 - 0.00556)}{0.05}$ [27.3] Not SHM since angle is not small	B1 B1  B1 [3]	accept 'still the same'	or attempt to work out height $0.476$ rads

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